UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission File Number: 000-53209

to

Adelphia Recovery Trust

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or

organization)

919 North Market Street, 17th Floor, PO Box 8705 Wilmington, Delaware 19899 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

302-652-4100 Attn: Dean Ziehl (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer \Box

Non-accelerated filer \Box (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes 🛛 No 🗖

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Accelerated filer □

Smaller reporting company \boxtimes

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PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

Adelphia Recovery Trust Unaudited Condensed Balance Sheets

	M	As of Iarch 31, 2012	Dec	As of cember 31, 2011
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,541,758	\$	72,578,669
Prepaid assets		676,051		1,234,649
Note and accrued interest receivable		6,656,359		6,558,853
Total assets	\$	47,874,168	\$	80,372,171
Liabilities and net assets				
Accrued expenses	\$	597,885	\$	317,506
Total liabilities		597,885		317,506
Net assets		47,276,283		80,054,665
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	47,874,168	\$	80,372,171

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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Adelphia Recovery Trust Unaudited Condensed Statements of Operations

	For the three months ended March 31, 2012	For the three months ended March 31, 2011
Revenues		
Interest income	\$ 103,520	\$ 136,236
Total revenues	103,520	136,236
Operating expenses		
General and administrative expenses	731,923	763,578
Professional expenses - litigation	2,029,821	1,435,303
Professional expenses — administrative	120,158	382,208
Total operating expenses	2,881,902	2,581,089
NT / 1	\$ (2,778,382) \$ (2,444,853)
Net loss	\$ (2,778,382	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(2,444,655)}{(2,444,655)}$

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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Adelphia Recovery Trust Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

		For the three months ended Jarch 31, 2012	For the three months ended larch 31, 2011
Operating activities			
Net loss	\$	(2,778,382)	\$ (2,444,853)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities consisting of changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid assets		558,598	(933,773)
Note and accrued interest receivable		(97,506)	(97,506)
Accrued expenses		280,379	(1,349,334)
Net cash used by operating activities	_	(2,036,911)	(4,825,466)
Investing activities			
Sale of temporary investments and accrued interest			 64,808,133
Net cash provided by investing activities	_		64,808,133
Financing activities			
Interest holder distributions		(30,000,000)	
Net cash used by financing activities		(30,000,000)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(32,036,911)	59,982,667
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		72,578,669	 21,887,750
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	40,541,758	\$ 81,870,417

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

ADELPHIA RECOVERY TRUST

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements - March 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

1 Background

The Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "<u>ART</u>") was formed as a Delaware statutory trust pursuant to that certain First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (the "<u>Plan</u>") of Adelphia Communications Corporation ("<u>Adelphia</u>" or "<u>ACC</u>") and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively the "<u>Debtor</u>"). The purpose of the ART is to prosecute the various causes of action transferred to the ART pursuant to the Plan (the "<u>Causes of Action</u>") and distribute to the owners (the "<u>Holders</u>") of the interests in the ART ("<u>Interests</u>") the net proceeds of such Causes of Action ("<u>Distributions</u>"), according to the relative priorities established pursuant to the Plan, subject to the retention of various amounts to fund the prosecution of those Causes of Action and operations of the ART. Pursuant to the Plan, in addition to the Causes of Action, Adelphia transferred \$25 million in cash to the ART, in connection with its formation, in order to fund the initial expenses of operation.

As set forth in the Plan, the ART is administered by five trustees (the "<u>Trustees</u>") who are responsible for carrying out the purposes of the ART. Quest Turnaround Advisors, L.L.C. ("<u>Quest</u>") is the plan administrator (in such capacity, the "<u>Plan Administrator</u>") of Adelphia. Quest and Adelphia together have agreed to provide certain administrative services to the ART. In order to facilitate the provision of such administrative services, the ART has appointed Quest as the trust administrator of the ART (in such capacity, the "<u>Trust Administrator</u>").

2 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed financial statements of the ART have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for interim periods ("<u>US GAAP</u>") and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. As such, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by US GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Trustees, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim unaudited condensed financial statements have been included. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the ART's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 included in its Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("<u>SEC</u>") on March 9, 2012. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for the complete fiscal year. The unaudited condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2011 was derived from the audited financial statements for the year then ended.

3 <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

The Trust Administrator and Adelphia continue to provide administrative support to the ART including maintaining electronic data and paper documents used in prosecuting the Causes of Action, financial reporting and support for Distributions when they might occur

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(including maintenance of data related to the implementation of Plan provisions). These services have and will continue to be provided at no cost to the ART under the terms of various agreements between the Trust Administrator and Adelphia. The ART financial statements do not reflect any amounts for these services.

4 <u>Causes of Action and Contingent Liabilities</u>

Except as set forth below, there have been no material developments in the legal proceedings described in the ART's Form 10-K as filed on March 9, 2012.

Pending Causes of Action

Goldman Sachs Litigation

On July 6, 2003, the Creditors Committee filed a complaint in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court") against Adelphia's pre-petition commercial banks and lenders, Adelphia's former investment bankers and financial advisors, and assignees of Adelphia's pre-petition bank debt (the "Bank Litigation"). On February 9, 2006, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "District Court") granted a motion filed by certain defendants to withdraw the reference to the Bankruptcy Court.

The complaint included a claim for intentional fraudulent transfer against Goldman Sachs, Inc. arising from Adelphia Communications Corporation's pre-petition repayment of the Rigases' personal margin loans in an amount of approximately \$63 million. On May 6, 2009, the Court denied Goldman Sachs' motion to dismiss. Goldman moved for summary judgment on March 2, 2010. Following argument in August 2010, Goldman supplemented its motion on November 12, 2010. On April 7, 2011, the District Court granted Goldman's summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on April 13, 2011. On May 6, 2011, the ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit and subsequently filed an appeal. On April 25, 2012, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals heard oral argument on the appeal and took the case under advisement.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Goldman Sachs Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

FPL Litigation

On June 24, 2004, the Creditors' Committee filed a fraudulent conveyance complaint against FPL Group, Inc. and West Boca Security, Inc. (collectively, "FPL") in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York relating to prepetition transactions. The FPL action seeks to recover an alleged fraudulent transfer arising out of Adelphia's repurchase of certain of its stock from FPL in January 1999 for \$149.5 million. Pursuant to the Plan, the claims asserted in the FPL Litigation were transferred to the ART.

On July 13, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court denied FPL's motion for leave to amend its answer to add a new defense. FPL filed an appeal of the Bankruptcy Court's July 13, 2011 decision. FPL's appeal has been briefed by the parties and is under submission to the District Court. On September 28, 2011, FPL moved to withdraw the reference to the Bankruptcy Court. The District Court denied FPL's motion to withdraw the reference on January 30, 2012. Trial began April 30, 2012 and testimony concluded on May 3, 2012. The Bankruptcy Court has asked the parties to submit post-trial briefs.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the FPL Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Sabres Litigation

The Sabres action involves claims for fraudulent conveyance, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty, and equitable subordination or disallowance against Key Bank, N.A. ("Key Bank"), Fleet National Bank ("Fleet"), and HSBC Bank USA, N.A. ("HSBC") (collectively, the "Sabres Banks") arising from (i) Adelphia's purchase of and payments on certain loans made by the Sabres Banks to a Rigas Family partnership that owned the Buffalo Sabres hockey team and (ii) John Rigas' purchase of the team using Adelphia financing. HSBC has asserted counterclaims against Adelphia for "post-petition tort," contribution and indemnification.

The District Court for the Western District of New York granted a permanent injunction against the ART's prosecution of the fraudulent conveyance claims against the Sabres Banks and the Second Circuit affirmed that decision. The ART's claims against Fleet were resolved as part of the settlement between the ART and Fleet and other defendants in the Bank Litigation.

The remaining Sabres Banks have moved to dismiss the ART's claims for aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty and equitable subordination or disallowance. That motion has been fully briefed and is pending. The ART has moved to dismiss HSBC's counterclaims, and that motion also has been fully briefed and is pending. The District Court heard argument on the motions on February 23, 2012, and the motions are under submission.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Sabres Litigation against Key Bank and HSBC or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Prestige Litigation

On June 24, 2004, the Creditors' Committee filed an adversary action against Prestige Communications of NC, Inc., Jonathan J. Oscher, Lorraine Oscher McClain, Robert F. Buckfelder, Buckfelder Investment Trust, and Anverse, Inc. in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. In a decision dated January 8, 2008, the District Court withdrew the reference to the Bankruptcy Court in the Prestige action and transferred the case to the District Court.

The Prestige action seeks to recover fraudulent transfers in connection with Adelphia's purchase of the assets of Prestige Communications of N.C., Inc., an acquisition that closed on July 5, 2000, as well as a claim that the owners of the Prestige Cable Systems aided and abetted breaches of fiduciary duty on the part of the Rigas family in connection with the transaction. Pursuant to the Plan, which became effective on February 13, 2007, the claims asserted in the Prestige Litigation were transferred to the ART.

On October 27, 2009, Defendants moved for summary judgment on the ART's claims. On June 27, 2011, the District Court granted Defendants' summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on June 28, 2011. The ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The parties are briefing the appeal.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Prestige Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Avoidance Actions

On July 31, 2003, Adelphia and its debtor affiliates filed with the Bankruptcy Court their Statements of Financial Affairs, which included a schedule of payments to insider entities made within one year prior to Adelphia's filing for bankruptcy and payments to non-insider entities made within ninety days prior to Adelphia's filing for bankruptcy. Subsequently, Adelphia engaged in extensive analysis of all such payments to determine if they could be avoided pursuant to certain provisions of the Code.

On April 20, 2004, Adelphia filed a motion seeking to abandon most of the potential actions to avoid the prepetition payments because, among other reasons, (i) Adelphia believed that pursuing certain of such actions against parties with whom Adelphia was continuing to do business could have a significant adverse impact on important, ongoing business relationships, and (ii) the costs associated with pursuing such actions far outweighed any potential benefit to the Adelphia debtors' estates that might otherwise result from bringing such actions. In response to certain objections to Adelphia's motion, Adelphia amended its initial motion.

On May 27, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order tolling all claims to avoid inter-debtor payments and authorizing the abandonment of potential actions to avoid (i) transfers to taxing authorities; (ii) transfers to human resource providers engaged in business with Adelphia; (iii) transfers determined to have been made in the ordinary course of business; and (iv) certain transfers deemed *de minimis*. As to the remainder of the transfers made by Adelphia during the relevant one-year and ninety-day periods prior to the bankruptcy filing, Adelphia either (i) entered into tolling agreements with the transferee extending Adelphia's time to initiate an action, or (ii) filed a complaint and initiated an adversary proceeding against the transferee.

As of June 25, 2004, Adelphia secured approximately 250 tolling agreements with various transferees, including members of the Rigas family, the Rigas family entities, former executives James Brown and Michael Mulcahey, and former directors Erland Kailbourne, Dennis Coyle, Leslie Gelber, and Peter Metros, among others. Certain of these tolling agreements have been amended from time to time. In addition, Adelphia filed approximately 150 complaints in the Bankruptcy Court commencing actions to avoid certain pre-petition transfers and payments. Some of those complaints have since been dismissed after further investigation.

On July 21, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court temporarily stayed all activity in the avoidance actions commenced by Adelphia and approved notice and service procedures in connection therewith.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART's financial statements.

Tolled Causes of Action

Buchanan Ingersoll

Adelphia and Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney P.C. agreed to toll the statute of limitations on any claims between them as of March 26, 2004. Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney P.C. was corporate counsel to Adelphia prior to the filing of Adelphia's bankruptcy petition in June 2002. That tolling agreement remains in effect and is terminable by either party upon notice.

At this time, the ART cannot predict whether any recovery will be obtained from Buchanan Ingersoll or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART's financial statements.

5 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The ART invests in FDIC insured bank certificates of deposit ("CDs"). CD investments held by the ART as of December 31, 2011 matured in the first quarter of 2012. At maturity, the ART elected to re-invest in CDs with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased. CDs with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased are classified as cash and cash equivalents and those with a maturity exceeding 90 days are classified as temporary investments. The ART had no temporary investments as of March 31, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

The fair value of the note receivable and accrued interest has been determined using unobservable inputs (i.e. Level 3, as defined in Accounting Standards Codification 820-10) and approximates \$5.2 million as of March 31, 2012 and \$5.2 million as of December 31, 2011. The fair value was derived by discounting to March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 the projected maturity value of the note including accrued interest. The projected maturity

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values, including interest were calculated using life expectancy tables. The discount rate is based on the yield on the notes issued by the life insurance companies underwriting the life insurance policies and various risk factors associated with the note.

The carrying values were approximately \$6.7 million as of March 31, 2012 and approximately \$6.6 million as of December 31, 2011. The note bears 8% simple interest and is recourse only to the proceeds of various life insurance policies on Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Tow totaling approximately \$28 million.

6 Interest Holder Distribution

On February 16, 2012, the Trust announced a Distribution in the amount of \$30.0 million in cash. The record date for the Distribution was February 23, 2012, and the Distribution was completed on March 1, 2012. The Distribution resulted in the Series RF Interests being paid in full. No other Distributions are currently planned.

7 <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Events subsequent to March 31, 2012 have been evaluated through May 11, 2012, the date the accompanying financial statements were issued. Other than as discussed herein, there have been no subsequent events that would be material to the financial statements of the ART, including Cause of Action settlements or judgments or Distributions or decisions concerning future Distributions.

Item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

<u>Overview</u>

The ART was formed as a Delaware statutory trust pursuant to that certain First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries. The purpose of the ART is to prosecute the various Causes of Action transferred to the ART pursuant to the Plan and distribute to the owners of the Interests in the ART the net proceeds of such Causes of Action, according to the relative priorities established pursuant to the Plan, subject to the retention of various amounts to fund the prosecution of those Causes of Action and operations of the ART. Pursuant to the Plan, in addition to the Causes of Action, Adelphia transferred \$25 million in cash to the ART in connection with its formation in 2007 in order to fund the initial expenses of operation.

The ART is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The ART is not aware of any transactions or events up to and including March 31, 2012 that would subject it to federal or state income taxes. Further, the ART has no unrecognized income tax benefits as of March 31, 2012 nor are there any amounts required to be included in the financial statements for interest or penalties on unrecognized income tax benefits. Items of income, gain, loss, deduction and other tax items have been and will be allocated to the Holders that would be entitled to receive such items if they constituted cash distributions or reductions therefrom. The Holders are responsible for the payment of taxes on a current basis that result from such allocations whether or not cash is distributed.

Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in June 2002. During the bankruptcy, on July 31, 2006 the assets of Adelphia were sold for a combination of cash and stock in Time Warner Cable, Inc. ("<u>TWC</u>"). In late 2006, representatives of the various groups of creditors reached agreement on the allocation and distribution of the cash, TWC stock, other proceeds from the sale of estate assets and relative priorities to any Distributions arising from the Causes of Action contributed to the



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ART. This agreement was embodied in the Plan, which was confirmed in January 2007 and became effective on February 13, 2007 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"). Under the Plan, the creditors and equity holders of Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries received one or more of the following: cash, TWC stock, rights to future Distributions up to payment in full and the Interests.

The Plan provides that the ART shall dissolve upon the earlier of the distribution of all of its assets to the Holders or the fifth anniversary of its creation which was on February 13, 2012, subject to the right of the Trustees to extend the ART's term with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court. In November 2011, the ART filed a motion to extend the term of the ART through December 31, 2014 because several Causes of Action were unlikely to be resolved prior to February 13, 2012. In December 2011 the motion was granted by the Bankruptcy Court. The Bankruptcy Court may approve additional extensions to resolve the Causes of Action, distribute the net proceeds to Holders or complete the administration of the ART.

As set forth in the Plan and the Declaration of Trust for the ART, as amended (the "<u>Declaration</u>"), the ART is administered by five Trustees. These Trustees are authorized to carry out the purposes of the ART. In particular, the Trustees are responsible for protecting, maintaining, liquidating to cash and maximizing the value of the Causes of Action contributed to the ART, whether by litigation, settlement or otherwise.

Distributions

Pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration, Distributions to Holders are net of any costs and expenses incurred by the ART in connection with administering, litigating or otherwise resolving the various Causes of Action. Such costs and expenses may also include fees and expenses of the Trustees, premiums for directors and officers insurance, and other insurance and fees and expenses of attorneys and consultants. Distributions will be made only from assets of the ART and only to the extent that the ART has sufficient assets (over amounts retained for contingent liabilities and future costs and expenses, among other things) to make such payments in accordance with the Plan and the Declaration. No Distribution is required to be made to any Holder unless such Holder is to receive in such Distribution at least \$25.00 or unless such Distribution is the final Distribution to such Holder pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration.

Distributions will be made at the sole discretion of the Trustees in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Declaration. On March 1, 2012 the ART made a Distribution of \$30 million in cash payable to Holders of Interests in the Trust in accordance with the waterfall priority established in the Plan. It is not possible to determine at this time if there will be future Distributions to the Holders of Interests in the Trust. No other Distributions are currently planned. The per Interest amounts for the March 1, 2012 Distribution of \$30.0 million are presented below.

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Adelphia Recovery Trust \$30 Million Cash Distribution per Interest to Holders of Record as of February 23, 2012

		 DISTRIBUTION PE		
		 Column A Distribution	Column B	Column C
	CUSIP Number	 Amount per Interest	Number of Interests	Total Distribution Amount
CVV Series RF	00685R 84 7	\$ 0.0652173913 x	115,000,000 =	7,500,000
CVV Series Arahova Interests	00685R 10 2	\$ 0.0142832267 x	722,639,681 = \$	10,321,626
CVV Series FrontierVision Interests	00685R 20 1	\$ 0.0064953810 x	86,600,001 = \$	562,500
CVV Series FPL Interests	00685R 86 2	\$ 0.0066176470 x	25,575,129 = \$	169,247
CVV Series Olympus Interests	00685R 30 0	\$ 0.0661764667 x	17,000,001 =	1,125,000
CVV Series ACC-1 Interests	00685R 40 9	\$ 0.0019863666 x	4,839,988,165 = \$	9,613,991
CVV Series ACC-2 Interests	00685R 50 8	\$ 0.0014899223 x	339,207,075 = \$	505,392
CVV Series ACC-3 Interests	00685R 60 7	\$ 0.0016934014 x	119,430,302 = \$	202,244
CVV Series ESL Interests	00685R 85 4	\$ 0 x	17 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-4 Interests	00685R 70 6	\$ 0 x	1,790,968,272 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-5 Interests	00685R 80 5	\$ 0 x	458 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-6B Interests	00685R 83 9	\$ 0 x	150,000,000 =	0
CVV Series ACC-6B1 Interests	00685R 82 1	\$ 0 x	3 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-6D Interests	00685R 81 3	\$ 0 x	575,000,000 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-6D1 Interests	00685R 79 7	\$ 0 x	229,004 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-6E/F Interests	00685R 78 9	\$ 0 x	935,812,456 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-6E/F1 Interests	00685R 77 1	\$ 0 x	277,210 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-7 Interests	00685R 87 0	\$ 0 x	217,022,640 = \$	0
CVV Series ACC-7A Interests	00685R 76 3	\$ 0 x	1,537,766,752 = \$	0
TOTALS			11,472,517,166 \$	30,000,000

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As of March 31, 2012, the number of Interests outstanding in each series eligible to receive a Distribution is as follows:

CVV Series of Interest:	As of March 31, 2012
Series RF (1)	115,000,000
Series Arahova	722,639,681
Series FrontierVision	86,600,001
Series FPL	25,575,129
Series Olympus	17,000,001
Series ACC-1	4,839,988,165
Series ACC-2	339,207,075
Series ACC-3	119,430,302
Series ESL (2)	17
Series ACC-4	1,790,968,272
Series ACC-5 (2)	458
Series ACC-6B	150,000,000
Series ACC-6B1 (2)	3
Series ACC-6D	575,000,000
Series ACC-6D1 (2)	229,004
Series ACC-6E/F	935,812,456
Series ACC-6E/F1 (2)	277,210
Series ACC-7	217,022,640
Series ACC-7A (2)	1,537,766,752

⁽¹⁾ Series RF Interests are outstanding, but were paid in full with the March 1, 2012 Distribution and are not eligible for future Distributions.

(2) For each of these categories of Interests (which include disputed claims), each holder of a disputed claim was awarded one Interest. The number of Interests is expected to change based on the resolution of disputed claims.

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A schedule summarizing the Distribution priority waterfall as of March 31, 2012 is set forth below:

ART Distribution Waterfall Chart March 31, 2012(1)

Remainig Aggregate Distribution (2)	Distribution Description (3)	ART Distribution Rec	
		RF	0.00%
		Arahova	0.00%
		ACC-1 Olympus	0.00% 0.00%
		FrontierVision	0.00%
		ACC-2	0.00%
		ACC-3	0.00%
0	RF Holders Paid In Full	FPL	0.00%
-		Arahova	45.87%
		ACC-1	42.73%
		Olympus	5.00%
		FrontierVision	2.50%
	Until Series Olympus has received aggregate	ACC-2	2.25%
	distributions of \$16 million plus the Olympus Fees,	ACC-3	0.90%
0 - 351,000,000	plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends	FPL	0.75%
		Arahova	48.37%
		ACC-1	45.06%
		FrontierVision	2.50%
		ACC-2 ACC-3	2.37% 0.95%
351,000,001 - 920,000,000	Until cumulative distribution is \$1,165 million	FPL	0.93%
551,000,001 - 920,000,000	Onthe cumulative distribution is \$1,105 minion	ACC-1	76.60%
		Arahova	14.51%
		ACC-2	4.03%
	Until Series Arahova has received \$625 million plus	FrontierVision	2.50%
	the Arahova Fees plus accrued post-Effective Date	ACC-3	1.61%
920,000,001 - 4,157,000,000	dividends	FPL	0.75%
		ACC-1	90.11%
	Until Series FPL has received aggregate distributions	ACC-2	4.74%
	of \$6.2 million plus Default Interest, plus accrued	FrontierVision	2.50%
	post-Effective Date dividends (ACC-1 and ACC-3	ACC-3	1.90%
4,157,000,001 - 4,770,000,000	paid in full)	FPL	0.75%
	Until Series FPL has received aggregate distributions	ACC-2	96.75%
	of \$6.2 million plus Default Interest, plus accrued	FrontierVision	2.50%
4,770,000,001 - 4,811,000,000	post-Effective Date dividends	FPL	0.75%
	Until the holders of Claims in Class ACC Notes and in	ACC-2	97.50%
	Classes ACC Trade and ACC Other Unsecured have		
	been paid in full including Case Contract Interest		
	(ACC Notes) and Case 8% Interest (ACC Trade and		
	ACC Other Unsecured) and accrued post-Effective		
	Date dividends	FrontierVision	2.50%
	Until Series FrontierVision has received aggregate		
	distributions of \$85 million plus 80% of the		
	FrontierVision Fees, plus accrued post-Effective Date		
4,811,000,001 - 4,822,000,000	dividends	FrontierVision	100.00%
	Until the additional distribution to the Series Arahova		
	Interests equals \$50 million plus accrued post-	~ · · ·	
4,822,000,001 - 4,885,000,000	Effective Date dividends at a rate of 5% per annum	Series Arahova	100.00%
	Until ESL holders have received Payment in Full of		
Not Quantifichla	their Claims and Case 8% interest plus accrued post- Effective Date dividends		
Not Quantifiable	Until ACC-4 holders have received the full amount of		
	their Allowed Claims plus Case Contract Interest plus		
Not Quantifiable	accrued post-Effective Date dividends		
The Qualification	Until ACC-5 holders have received the full amount of		
	their Allowed Claims plus Case 8% interest plus		
Not Owent fishle	accrued post-Effective Date dividends		
Not Quantifiable			
Not Quantifiable	Until ACC-6 holders receive distributions in		
Not Quantifiable	accordance with the relative priorities established by		
	accordance with the relative priorities established by the Liquidation Preferences governing the shares of		
Not Quantifiable	accordance with the relative priorities established by the Liquidation Preferences governing the shares of ACC Preferred Stock and the Bankruptcy Code		
	accordance with the relative priorities established by the Liquidation Preferences governing the shares of		

(1) Remaining aggregate distributions and ART distribution percentages are as of March 31, 2012.

⁽²⁾ Pursuant to the terms of the Plan, certain series of Interests are entitled to post-Effective Date dividends on certain amounts due to the corresponding class of claims. For purposes of calculating the reference amount on which post-Effective Date dividends accrue, the distribution of the True-Up Holdback is treated as if it occurred on the Effective Date. Remaining aggregate distributions have

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been reduced as a result of the \$215 million cash distribution to certain CVV Holders as of December 21, 2010, the \$30 million cash distribution on March 1, 2012 as well as distributions made by Adelphia for excess reserves and for refunds of reserves established for Settlement Party Fee Claims.

(3) Unless otherwise stated, post-Effective Date dividends accrue at a rate of 8.9% per annum.

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Results of Operations

The ART operates pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration. The ART was formed as a Delaware statutory trust to prosecute various claims originally owned by Adelphia and, if any of the prosecutions are successful or are settled in a manner which provides economic benefit to the ART, to distribute excess proceeds over amounts retained to fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action and operations of the ART, to the Holders. The Trustees will retain enough cash in reserve to administer the ART and fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action.

Due to the nature of the ART's operations both revenue and operating expenses may fluctuate between and among reporting periods caused by activities and results related to the Causes of Action.

First Quarter 2012 vs First Quarter 2011

Total revenues consisting solely of interest decreased to approximately \$104,000 in the first quarter of 2012 from approximately \$136,000 in the first quarter of 2011. The decrease of approximately \$32,000 was caused by a reduction in average invested cash balances and a decrease in investment yields. There were no court approved settlements or related revenues for either the first quarter of 2012 or for the first quarter of 2011.

Total operating expenses for the ART increased to approximately \$2.9 million in the first quarter of 2012 from approximately \$2.6 million in the first quarter of 2011. The cost increase of approximately \$0.3 million was caused by an increase in professional litigation costs of \$0.6 million offset by a reduction in general and administrative costs of \$32,000 and professional administrative costs of \$262,000.

Professional litigation costs increased by approximately \$0.6 million in the first quarter of 2012 compared to the first quarter of 2011 due to increased professional expenses of \$1.0 million related to the FPL Cause of Action which went to trial on April 30, 2012 and \$0.3 million related to JV LIF Litigation which was settled in the 4th quarter of 2011. The increases were offset by decreased costs of \$0.7 million related to the Bank Cause of Action which was settled in the fourth quarter of 2010.

General and administrative costs decreased by approximately \$32,000 in the first quarter of 2012 when compared to the first quarter of 2011. The ART experienced decreased costs of approximately \$45,000 in the first quarter of 2012 for bank fees, insurance premiums, tax filing costs and audit costs and had offsetting increased costs of approximately \$13,000 for other administrative costs between the same comparable periods.

Professional administrative costs decreased by approximately \$262,000 in the first quarter of 2012 compared to the first quarter of 2011. The decreased costs in the first quarter of 2012 relate to legal support costs incurred by the ART to manage trust operations, administrative requirements, Cause of Action oversight and regulatory compliance.

As a result of the decrease in total revenues of approximately \$32,000 and the increase in total operating expenses of approximately \$0.3 million in the first quarter of 2012 compared



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to the first quarter of 2011, the net loss of approximately \$2.8 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2012 was approximately \$0.4 million higher than the net loss for the quarter ended March 31, 2011.

Financial Condition and Cash Flows: Liquidity

The ART's sources of liquidity are from (a) the \$25 million transferred to the ART by Adelphia pursuant to the Plan on the Effective Date, (b) the successful resolution of Causes of Action and (c) earnings on invested cash balances. Receipts from these sources are used to pay professional and operating expenses of the ART and to fund Distributions to the Holders after reserving cash required to pay future professional and operating expenses of the ART. The Trustees regularly evaluate the future financial needs of the ART. The Trustees will retain sufficient cash to administer the ART and fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action.

Based upon cash and cash equivalent balances as of March 31, 2012 totaling approximately \$40.5 million along with expected expenses and other potential disbursements, the ART expects to meet its obligations as they come due during the next twelve months. Due to the uncertain nature of future revenues and expenses beyond twelve months, it is not possible to be certain that cash will be available to cover all the future financial needs of the ART. Incurring debt, creating contingent obligation agreements and seeking methods to reduce legal professional and administrative costs are all strategies that could be undertaken to address liquidity issues should they arise. These strategies could impact the ART's ability to maximize recoveries from settlements.

The nature of the ART's operation does not give rise to capital expenditures and there are no current or expected commitments for capital expenditures in the next twelve months. Should a need for capital expenditures arise, the ART would fund the requirement from existing assets.

Cash and cash equivalent balances at March 31, 2012 of approximately \$40.5 million are \$32.0 million less than as of December 31, 2011. This decrease is due to the uses of cash and cash equivalents by operating activities of \$2.0 million and by financing activities of \$30.0 million. The financing activity was the result of the \$30.0 million Distribution to Holders completed on March 1, 2012.

The \$2.0 million use of cash by operating activities included a net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2012 of approximately \$2.8 million offset by an increase in accrued expenses of approximately \$0.3 million. The increase of \$0.3 million in accrued expenses is due to the timing of vendor payments. Other operating activities include the accrual of interest on a note receivable of approximately \$0.1 million and the amortization of prepaid assets of \$0.6 during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

As of March 31, 2012, the ART has a total of \$40.5 million of cash and cash equivalents which include investments in three-month or shorter FDIC fully-insured bank CDs in the amount of \$10.0 million, a U.S. Treasury and government agency securities money market fund in the amount of \$26.8 million and deposit accounts in the amount of \$3.7 million. The

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ART considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. As such, the three-month CDs have been classified as cash equivalents as of March 31, 2012. All investments during the quarter were fully compliant with the ART investment policy.

The ART has adequate liquidity to meet its obligations, as of March 31, 2012.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Risks and Uncertainties That May Affect Future Results

This report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements about the business, financial condition and prospects of the ART. The actual results of the ART could differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements because of various risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, the number of and proceeds from litigations and/or settlements which are successful, delays in obtaining proceeds, the amount of funding required for the litigations and other operating expenses, economic conditions, changes in tax and other governmental rules and regulations applicable to the ART, and other risks identified and described in the Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 9, 2012. These risks and uncertainties are beyond the ability of the ART to control, and in many cases, the ART cannot predict the risks and uncertainties that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. When used in this report the words "believes," "estimates," "plans," "expects," and "anticipates" and similar expressions as they relate to the ART or its management are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The ART invests cash in either FDIC insured deposit accounts, FDIC insured bank CDs or a money market fund invested in short-term U.S. Treasury and government agency securities including repurchase agreements collateralized fully by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities. The CDs have 3 month or less maturity terms and as of March 31, 2012 the money market fund has a 42 day weighted average maturity for the underlying securities. Interest income from these investments is subject to interest rate fluctuations.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The ART maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in its reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to ART Trustees and the Trust Administrator as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

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The Trustees and the Trust Administrator have completed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2012. Based on their evaluation, the Trustees and the Trust Administrator concluded that as of March 31, 2012, the ART's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

The Trustees and the Trust Administrator do not expect that the ART's disclosure controls will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the ART have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with associated policies or procedures. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended March 31, 2012, there were no changes in the ART's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the ART's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1 Legal Proceedings

Except as set forth below, there have been no material developments in the legal proceedings described in the ART's Form 10-K as filed on March 9, 2012.

Pending Causes of Action

Goldman Sachs Litigation

On July 6, 2003, the Creditors Committee filed a complaint in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court") against Adelphia's pre-petition commercial banks and lenders, Adelphia's former investment bankers and financial advisors, and assignees of Adelphia's pre-petition bank debt (the "Bank Litigation"). On February 9, 2006, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "District Court") granted a motion filed by certain defendants to withdraw the reference to the Bankruptcy Court.

The complaint included a claim for intentional fraudulent transfer against Goldman Sachs, Inc. arising from Adelphia Communications Corporation's pre-petition repayment of the Rigases' personal margin loans in an amount of approximately \$63 million. On May 6, 2009, the Court denied Goldman Sachs' motion to dismiss. Goldman moved for summary judgment on March 2, 2010. Following argument in August 2010, Goldman supplemented its motion on November 12, 2010. On April 7, 2011, the District Court granted Goldman's summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on April 13, 2011. On May 6, 2011, the ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit and subsequently filed an appeal. On April 25, 2012, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals heard oral argument on the appeal and took the case under advisement.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Goldman Sachs Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

FPL Litigation

On June 24, 2004, the Creditors' Committee filed a fraudulent conveyance complaint against FPL Group, Inc. and West Boca Security, Inc. (collectively, "FPL") in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York relating to pre-petition transactions. The FPL action seeks to recover an alleged fraudulent transfer arising out of Adelphia's repurchase of certain of its stock from FPL in January 1999 for \$149.5 million. Pursuant to the Plan, the claims asserted in the FPL Litigation were transferred to the ART.

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On July 13, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court denied FPL's motion for leave to amend its answer to add a new defense. FPL filed an appeal of the Bankruptcy Court's July 13, 2011 decision. FPL's appeal has been briefed by the parties and is under submission to the District Court. On September 28, 2011, FPL moved to withdraw the reference to Bankruptcy Court. The District Court denied FPL's motion to withdraw the reference on January 30, 2012. Trial began April 30, 2012 and testimony concluded on May 3, 2012. The Bankruptcy Court has asked the parties to submit post-trial briefs.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the FPL Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Sabres Litigation

The Sabres action involves claims for fraudulent conveyance, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty, and equitable subordination or disallowance against Key Bank, N.A. ("Key Bank"), Fleet National Bank ("Fleet"), and HSBC Bank USA, N.A. ("HSBC") (collectively, the "Sabres Banks") arising from (i) Adelphia's purchase of and payments on certain loans made by the Sabres Banks to a Rigas Family partnership that owned the Buffalo Sabres hockey team and (ii) John Rigas' purchase of the team using Adelphia financing. HSBC has asserted counterclaims against Adelphia for "post-petition tort," contribution and indemnification.

The District Court for the Western District of New York granted a permanent injunction against the ART's prosecution of the fraudulent conveyance claims against the Sabres Banks and the Second Circuit affirmed that decision. The ART's claims against Fleet were resolved as part of the settlement between the ART and Fleet and other defendants in the Bank Litigation.

The remaining Sabres Banks have moved to dismiss the ART's claims for aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty and equitable subordination or disallowance. That motion has been fully briefed and is pending. The ART has moved to dismiss HSBC's counterclaims, and that motion also has been fully briefed and is pending. The District Court heard argument on the motions on February 23, 2012, and the motions are under submission.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Sabres Litigation against Key Bank and HSBC or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Prestige Litigation

On June 24, 2004, the Creditors' Committee filed an adversary action against Prestige Communications of NC, Inc., Jonathan J. Oscher, Lorraine Oscher McClain, Robert F. Buckfelder, Buckfelder Investment Trust, and Anverse, Inc. in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. In a decision dated January 8, 2008, the District Court withdrew

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the reference to the Bankruptcy Court in the Prestige action and transferred the case to the District Court.

The Prestige action seeks to recover fraudulent transfers in connection with Adelphia's purchase of the assets of Prestige Communications of N.C., Inc., an acquisition that closed on July 5, 2000, as well as a claim that the owners of the Prestige Cable Systems aided and abetted breaches of fiduciary duty on the part of the Rigas family in connection with the transaction. Pursuant to the Plan, which became effective on February 13, 2007, the claims asserted in the Prestige Litigation were transferred to the ART.

On October 27, 2009, Defendants moved for summary judgment on the ART's claims. On June 27, 2011, the District Court granted Defendants' summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on June 28, 2011. The ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The parties are briefing the appeal.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Prestige Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Avoidance Actions

On July 31, 2003, Adelphia and its debtor affiliates filed with the Bankruptcy Court their Statements of Financial Affairs, which included a schedule of payments to insider entities made within one year prior to Adelphia's filing for bankruptcy and payments to non-insider entities made within ninety days prior to Adelphia's filing for bankruptcy. Subsequently, Adelphia engaged in extensive analysis of all such payments to determine if they could be avoided pursuant to certain provisions of the Code.

On April 20, 2004, Adelphia filed a motion seeking to abandon most of the potential actions to avoid the prepetition payments because, among other reasons, (i) Adelphia believed that pursuing certain of such actions against parties with whom Adelphia was continuing to do business could have a significant adverse impact on important, ongoing business relationships, and (ii) the costs associated with pursuing such actions far outweighed any potential benefit to the Adelphia debtors' estates that might otherwise result from bringing such actions. In response to certain objections to Adelphia's motion, Adelphia amended its initial motion.

On May 27, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order tolling all claims to avoid inter-debtor payments and authorizing the abandonment of potential actions to avoid (i) transfers to taxing authorities; (ii) transfers to human resource providers engaged in business with Adelphia; (iii) transfers determined to have been made in the ordinary course of business; and (iv) certain transfers deemed *de minimis*. As to the remainder of the transfers made by Adelphia during the relevant one-year and ninety-day periods prior to the bankruptcy filing, Adelphia either (i) entered into tolling agreements

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with the transferee extending Adelphia's time to initiate an action, or (ii) filed a complaint and initiated an adversary proceeding against the transferee.

As of June 25, 2004, Adelphia secured approximately 250 tolling agreements with various transferees, including members of the Rigas family, the Rigas family entities, former executives James Brown and Michael Mulcahey, and former directors Erland Kailbourne, Dennis Coyle, Leslie Gelber, and Peter Metros, among others. Certain of these tolling agreements have been amended from time to time. In addition, Adelphia filed approximately 150 complaints in the Bankruptcy Court commencing actions to avoid certain pre-petition transfers and payments. Some of those complaints have since been dismissed after further investigation.

On July 21, 2004, the Bankruptcy Court temporarily stayed all activity in the avoidance actions commenced by Adelphia and approved notice and service procedures in connection therewith.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART's financial statements.

Tolled Causes of Action

Buchanan Ingersoll

Adelphia and Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney P.C. agreed to toll the statute of limitations on any claims between them as of March 26, 2004. Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney P.C. was corporate counsel to Adelphia prior to the filing of Adelphia's bankruptcy petition in June 2002. That tolling agreement remains in effect and is terminable by either party upon notice.

At this time, the ART cannot predict whether any recovery will be obtained from Buchanan Ingersoll or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART's financial statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

As of the date of this filing there have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our "Risk Factors" in the ART's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 as filed with the SEC on March 9, 2012.

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Item 6 Exl	nibits		
2.1*	First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Certain of its Affiliated Debtors, effective February 13, 2007	f Adelphia Communications C	orporation and
3.1*	Restated Certificate of Trust, dated February 13, 2007		
3.2*	Amendment to Restated Certificate of Trust, dated March 15, 2007		
3.3*	Second Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust, dated June 4, 2008		
3.4*	Rules and Procedures of Adelphia Recovery Trust		
4.1*	Form of Certificate Evidencing Undivided Beneficial Interests in the Asso Certificate)	ets of the Adelphia Recovery 7	Frust (Global
4.2*	Form of Certificate Evidencing Undivided Beneficial Interests in the Asse Entry Certificate)	ets of the Adelphia Recovery 7	Frust (Book

- 10.1* Plan Administrator Agreement, dated February 12, 2007
- 10.2* Trustee Compensation Agreement

- 31.1 Section 302 Certification of Trustee
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification of Trust Administrator
- 32.1 Certification of Trustee pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification Trust Administrator pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
- 101 The following materials from Adelphia Recovery Trust's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Balance Sheets (ii) Condensed Statements of Operations (iii) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows; and (iv) Notes to Condensed Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

^{*}Incorporated by reference to the Form 10 of Adelphia Recovery Trust (File No. 000-53209) filed April 30, 2008 and the amended Form 10 filed July 2, 2008.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 11, 2012

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust /s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky Jeffrey A. Brodsky Member

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EXHIBIT 31.1

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Ralph J. Takala, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report for the period ended March 31, 2012 on Form 10-Q of Adelphia Recovery Trust;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

Merrill Corpo	pration 12-8533-1 Wed May 02 14:15:48 2012 (V 2.4m-2-P66598CBE)	Chksum: 6	89337 Cycle 4.0
EX-31.1	Adelphia Recovery Trust		
c901157	c:\jms\c901157\12-8533-1\task5319213\8533-1-MA.pdf	EDGAR :Redline:OFF	Doc 2 Page 2

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 11, 2012

/s/ Ralph J. Takala Ralph J. Takala Trustee

Merrill Corpor	ration 12-8533-1 Wed May 02 14:18:56 2012 (V 2.4m-2-P66598CBE)	Chksum: 4	6609 Cycle 4.0
EX-31.2	Adelphia Recovery Trust		
c901157	c:\jms\c901157\12-8533-1\task5319213\8533-1-MC.pdf	EDGAR :Redline:OFF	Doc 3 Page 1

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

EXHIBIT 31.2

I, Jeffrey A. Brodsky, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report for the period ended March 31, 2012 on Form 10-Q of Adelphia Recovery Trust;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

Merrill Corpo	oration 12-8533-1 Wed May 02 14:18:56 2012 (V 2.4m-2-P66598CBE)	Chksum: 1029052 Cyc	
EX-31.2	Adelphia Recovery Trust		
c901157	c:\jms\c901157\12-8533-1\task5319213\8533-1-MC.pdf	EDGAR :Redline:OFF	Doc 3 Page 2

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 11, 2012

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust

<u>/s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky</u> Jeffrey A. Brodsky Member

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "Trust") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Ralph J. Takala, Trustee of the Trust, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

/s/ Ralph J. Takala Ralph J. Takala Trustee

Date: May 11, 2012

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "Trust") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jeffrey A. Brodsky, a member of Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC, Trust Administrator of the Trust, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust

/s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky Jeffrey A. Brodsky Member

Date: May 11, 2012